CAP22 Oliguric patient

The trainee will be able to produce a differential diagnosis, establish safe monitoring, investigate appropriately and formulate an initial management plan when assessing a patient with a low urine output.

| Knowledge | Assessment Methods | GMP Domains |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|
| Understand the principal causes of a low urine output in the critically ill patient, and be able to identify the principal sub-causes (pre-renal, renal and post-renal), including but not limited to: hypotension and inadequate renal perfusion, renal tract obstruction, nephrotoxic drugs and contrast media | E, C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Understand current terminology and classification of acute kidney injury | E, C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Understand appropriate monitoring of the patient with a low urine output, including but not limited to: clinical assessment, urinary catheterisation, cardiovascular monitoring including pressure and flow monitoring techniques (see principles of monitoring cardiac output), arterial blood gases | E, C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Understand the methods of assessment of renal function including but not limited to: blood tests, assessment of renal excretion, imaging of the GU tract | E, C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Outline immediate management options including but not limited to: fluid resuscitation, increased cardiovascular monitoring, administration of vasoactive drugs and inotropes, the role of diuretics | E, C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Understand the role of renal replacement therapy in the oliguric patient | E, C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Be able to safely prescribe for patients in renal failure | E,C, Mi, ACAT | 1 |
| Skills | | |
| Make a rapid and immediate assessment including appropriate clinical examination | Mi, C | 1 |
| Initiate appropriate immediate management | MI, C | 1 |

| Prioritise, order, interpret and act on simple investigations appropriately | Mi, C | 1 |
|--|---------|-----|
| Initiate early (critical) management (e.g. fluid administration) including requesting safe monitoring | Mi, C | 1 |
| Behaviour | | |
| Recognise need for immediate assessment and resuscitation | ACAT, C | 1 |
| Assume leadership role where appropriate | ACAT, C | 2,3 |
| Involve appropriate senior help to facilitate immediate assessment and management | ACAT, C | 3 |
| Involve appropriate specialists to facilitate immediate assessment and management or decreased renal function (e.g. imaging, intensive care, surgeons, renal physicians) | ACAT, C | 3 |